



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET SDS/MSDS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Hydrogen Peroxide Solution about 30% w/v H₂O₂ 100 Volumes

CAS-No. : 7722-84-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Industrial & for professional use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Bio-Chem Chemicals
5455 Nicholson Road, Science Market
Ambala Cantt, 133001 - Haryana
+91 82952 41953
info@biofinechemical.com - www.biofinechemical.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +91 99921 51495 (10.00am - 06.30pm) (Office Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H412

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H318

Causes serious eye damage.

H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear eye protection/ face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram



Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard Statements none

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Component		Classification	Concentration
Hydrogen Peroxide			
CAS-No.	7722-84-1	Ox. Liq. 1; Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; STOT SE 3; Aquatic Chronic 3; H271, H302, H332, H314, H318, H335, H412 Concentration limits: ≥ 70 %: Ox. Liq. 1, H271; 50 - < 70 %: Ox. Liq. 2, H272; ≥ 70 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; 50 - < 70 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 35 - < 50 %: Skin	≥ 30 - < 35 %
EC-No.	231-765-0		
Index-No.	008-003-00-9*		

	Irrit. 2, H315; 8 - < 50 %: Eye Dam. 1, H318; 5 - < 8 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; >= 35 %: STOT SE 3, H335; > 40 - < 50 %: Ox. Liq. 3, H272;	
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*A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its use are exempted from registration according to Article 2 REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Nature of decomposition products not known.

Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent and neutralising material (e.g. Chemizorb® H⁺, Merck Art. No. 101595). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Observe label precautions.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

No metal containers. Close containers in such a way to enable internal pressure to escape (e.g. excess pressure valve).

Tightly closed. Protected from light. Do not store near combustible materials.

Storage stability

Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 5.1B: Oxidizing hazardous materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

protective clothing

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: filter NO

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state	clear, liquid
b) Color	colorless
c) Odor	No data available
d) Melting point/freezing point	No data available
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
h) Flash point	No data available
i) Autoignition temperature	No data available
j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	No data available
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	No data available
n) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
o) Vapor pressure	No data available
p) Density	1,110 g/cm ³
Relative density	No data available
q) Relative vapor density	No data available
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	Oxidizing potential

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen.

10.2 Chemical stability

heat-sensitive Sensitivity to light

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

Acetaldehyde

Acetone

Activated charcoal

Alcohols

formic acid

Ammonia

combustible substances

vinyl acetate

Organic Substances

Powdered metals

Dust

hydrazine and derivatives

hydrides

Ether

Potassium

anilines

Metallic salts

acetic acid

Acetic anhydride

Formaldehyde

furfuryl alcohol

oils

sodium

Lithium

lithium aluminium hydride

organic solvents

Magnesium

metallic oxides

Methanol

Reducing agents

Oxides of phosphorus

butanol

with

Sulphuric acid

alkali hydroxides

with

Heavy metals

Exothermic reaction with:

alkali hydroxides

antimony sulfide

tin (II) chloride

Sulfides

3-BROMO-5-CHLORO-4-HYDROXYBENZALDEHYDE

nitric acid (conc.)

ethanol

glycerol
Potassium hydroxide
phosphorus
metallic oxides
Sodium hydroxide
Aldehydes
nonmetals
nonmetallic oxides
strong alkalis
Amines
Acids
Oxidizing agents
alkali salts
Alkali metals
Alkaline earth metals
iodides
peroxi compounds
Brass
organic nitro compounds
phenol
with
metal catalysts
Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:
potassium permanganate
Wood/Sawdust
vinyl acetate
with
Catalyst

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Zinc, Powdered metals, Iron, Copper, Nickel, Brass, Iron and iron salts.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - > 2.000 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - > 20 mg/l - vapor(Calculation method)

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Risk of serious damage to eyes. Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information**Endocrine disrupting properties****Product:**

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Dizziness

Unconsciousness

Diarrhea

Nausea

Vomiting

Headache

Convulsions

muscle twitching

insomnia

shock

Irritation and corrosion

conjunctivitis

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Components

Hydrogen Peroxide

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - 693,7 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 11,1 mg/l - vapor

(Expert judgment)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg

(US-EPA)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns. Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI

(Table 3.1/3.2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Species: Mouse - male and female - Bone marrow

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory Tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Mixture

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No interference with wastewater treatment plants are to be expected when used properly.
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
No data available

Components

Hydrogen Peroxide

Toxicity to fish	semi-static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 16,4 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	semi-static test LC50 - Daphnia pulex (Water flea) - 2,4 mg/l - 48 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to algae	static test ErC50 - Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom) - 1,38 mg/l - 72 h Remarks: (ECHA) static test NOEC - Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom) - 0,63 mg/l - 72 h Remarks: (ECHA)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test EC50 - activated sludge - 466 mg/l - 30 min (OECD Test Guideline 209) static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 2014

IMDG: 2014

IATA: 2014

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

IMDG: HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
IATA: Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 5.1 (8) IMDG: 5.1 (8) IATA: 5.1 (8)

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing : hydrogen peroxide
and use of explosives precursors

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.