

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET SDS/MSDS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Vitamin A Acetate

CAS-No. : 127-47-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Industrial & for professional use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Bio-Chem Chemicals
5455 Nicholson Road, Science Market
Ambala Cantt, 133001 - Haryana
+91 82952 41953
info@biofinechemical.com - www.biofinechemical.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # +91 99921 51495 (10.00am - 06.30pm) (Office Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B), H360

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 4), H413

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H360

H413

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201

P308 + P313

Obtain special instructions before use.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Supplemental Hazard Statements
none
Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Vitamin A acetate
Retinol acetate

Formula : $C_{22}H_{32}O_2$
Molecular weight : 328.50 g/mol
CAS-No. : 127-47-9
EC-No. : 204-844-2

Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Classification	Concentration
Retinyl acetate		
CAS-No.	127-47-9	Repr. 1B; Aquatic Chronic 4;
EC-No.	204-844-2	H360, H413

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.
For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Recommended storage temperature -20 °C

Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible solids, toxic

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Impervious clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If th full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance	Form: crystalline Colour: yellow, dark yellow
b) Odour	No data available
c) Odour Threshold	No data available
d) pH	No data available
e) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 57 - 58 °C Melting point/range: 58 °C - lit.
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g) Flash point	No data available
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k) Vapour pressure	< 0.0001 hPa at 20 °C
l) Vapour density	No data available
m) Relative density	981.7 g/l at 25 °C
n) Water solubility	0.00001 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 9.4 at 25 °C
p) Auto-ignition temperature	395 °C at 1,013.25 hPa
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	No data available

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg(Retinyl acetate)

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available(Retinyl acetate)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit(Retinyl acetate)

Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig(Retinyl acetate)

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test(Retinyl acetate)

S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Damage to fetus possible(Retinyl acetate)

Presumed human reproductive toxicant(Retinyl acetate)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available(Retinyl acetate)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available(Retinyl acetate)

Additional Information

RTECS: VH6825000

Acute vitamin A intoxication may occur with exposure to high concentrations., Symptoms and signs of poisoning are:, sedation, Irritability, Headache, Skin disorders, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Congenital abnormalities may occur after exposure to high concentrations during pregnancy.(Retinyl acetate)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1.37 mg/l - 96 h(Retinyl acetate)
(OECD Test Guideline 203)

Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 46 mg/l - 48 h(Retinyl acetate)
(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

H413

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.