

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET SDS/MSDS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 **Product identifiers**

> : Zinc Chloride 0.5M Solution Product name

B-02878 **Product Number** Brand Bio-Chem

REACH No. This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

> **Bio-Chem Chemicals** Company

5455 NicholsonRoad, Science Market Ambala Cantt, 133001 - Haryana +91 82952 41953

info@biofinechemical.com - www.biofinechemical.com

Emergency telephone 1.4

> Emergency Phone # : +91 99921 51495 (10.00am - 06.30pm) (Office Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

> H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquids, (Category 2)

H302: Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity, (Category 4)

Skin corrosion, (Sub-category H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye

1B) damage.

Serious eye damage, (Category H318: Causes serious eye damage.

1)

Carcinogenicity, (Category 2) H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure, (Category 3),

Central nervous system

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure, (Category 3),

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Respiratory system

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, (Category 2)

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed. H302

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. H351

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411

Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated P303 + P361 + P353

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.

Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger **Hazard Statements**

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Formula : Cl₂Zn

Molecular weight : 136,30 g/mol

Component		Classification	Concentration
Tetrahydrofuran CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration	109-99-9 5-53 603-025-00-0 01-2119444314-46-	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Irrit. 2; Carc. 2; STOT SE 3; H225, H302, H319, H351, H336, H335	>= 90 - <= 100 %
number	XXXX	Concentration limits: >= 25 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; >= 25 %: STOT SE 3, H335;	
zinc chloride			
CAS-No.	7646-85-7	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr.	>= 5 - < 10

EC-No.	231-592-0	1B; Eye Dam. 1; STOT SE	%
Index-No.	030-003-00-2	3; Aquatic Acute 1;	
Registration	01-2119472431-44-	Aquatic Chronic 1; H302,	
number	XXXX	H314, H318, H335, H400,	
		H410	
		Concentration limits:	
		>= 5 %: STOT SE 3,	
		H335;	
		M-Factor - Aquatic	
		Chronic: 1	
		M-Factor - Aquatic Acute:	
		1	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Hydrogen chloride gas

Zinc/zinc oxides

Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Test for peroxide formation periodically and before distillation.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Splash contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,3 mm Break through time: 10 min

Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail

sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	liquid
Color	No data available
Odor	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
Flash point	-20 °C - closed cup
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
pH	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Vapor pressure	No data available
Density	0,948 g/cm3
Relative density	No data available
	Physical state Color Odor Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flash point Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature pH Viscosity Water solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapor pressure Density

q) Relative vapor No data available

density

r) Particle No data available

characteristics

s) Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

t) Oxidizing properties none

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Formation of peroxides possible.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Warming.

Moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Strong oxidizing agents, Oxygen

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxides

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture

Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1.572 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of

perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of

respiratory tract

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritationRemarks: Mixture causes burns.
Remarks: Mixture causes burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

Evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

Mixture may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Mixture may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated., Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Components

Tetrahydrofuran

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 1.650 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

Symptoms: Irritation of mucous membranes Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1.650 mg/kg (ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 6 h - > 14,7 mg/l - vapor

(US-EPA)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 72 h

(Draize Test)

Remarks: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis,

due to degreasing properties of the product.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye irritation.

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table

3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Mouse

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Species: Mouse - male and female - Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Central nervous system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table

3.1/3.2)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute oral toxicity - Irritation of mucous membranes

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

No data available

zinc chloride

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 1.100 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1.100 mg/kg

(ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - female - 10 min - <= 1.975 mg/m3 - aerosol

Remarks: (ECHA)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Mouse Remarks: (ECHA)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Risk of blindness!

(Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

Species: Mouse - male and female - Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Result: negative

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

(ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Zinc sulphate

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Mixture

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

Components

Tetrahydrofuran

Toxicity to fish flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead

minnow) - 2.160 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia

and other aquatic

invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 3.485 mg/l -

48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to

flow-through test NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead

fish(Chronic toxicity) minnow) - 216 mg/l - 33 d

Remarks: (ECHA)

zinc chloride

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 0,169

mg/l - 96 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia

and other aquatic

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0,33 mg/l - 48

invertebrates (OECD Test Guideline 202)

static test NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) Toxicity to algae

- 0,0049 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

static test IC50 - activated sludge - 0,35 mg/l - 4 h Toxicity to bacteria

(ISO 9509)

Remarks: (referred to the cation)

flow-through test NOEC - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Toxicity to

fish(Chronic toxicity) - 0,039 mg/l - 30 d

(OECD Test Guideline 215)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic

semi-static test NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0,039

mg/l - 21 d

invertebrates(Chronic (OECD Test Guideline 211)

toxicity)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 2924 IMDG: 2924 IATA: 2924

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride)

(Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride)

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride) IMDG:

(Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride)

IATA: Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride)

(Tetrahydrofuran, zinc chloride)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (8) IMDG: 3 (8) IATA: 3 (8) 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

Further information : No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

P5c

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use

National legislation

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

E2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.